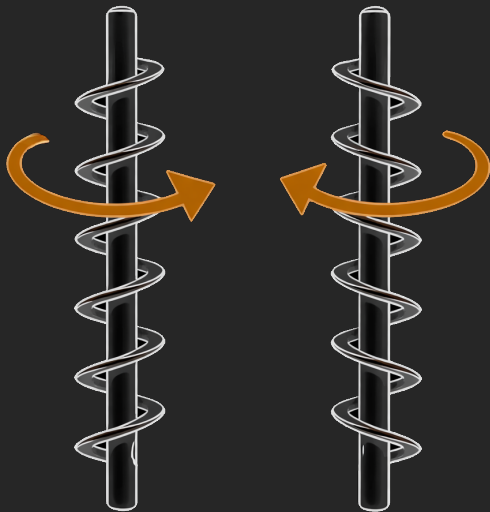


Forces on a diffuser lifting screw







Strand Length

Strand Length

Packing Density

Strand Length

Packing Density

Moisture

Strand Length

Packing Density

Moisture

Fibre Orientation

Fibres

Interlock

Fibres

Interlock

Mat

Fibres

Interlock

Mat

Agglomerate

Density and Moisture

Packs under Pressure

Density and Moisture

Packs under Pressure

More Moisture, More Packing

Density and Moisture

Packs under Pressure

More Moisture, More Packing

More Moisture, More Extraction

Stress and Strain

Diameter

Stress and Strain

Diameter

Orientation

Stress and Strain

Diameter

Orientation

Connectedness/Linking



Model?

$\overrightarrow{V}$

$\overrightarrow{V}$

$\overrightarrow{V}$

$\overrightarrow{V}$



$\overrightarrow{V}$

$\overrightarrow{V}$

$\overrightarrow{V}$

$\overrightarrow{V}$

Buckingham Pi

If a physical system is described by n dimensional variables involving k independent fundamental dimensions and satisfies $f(q_1, q_2, \dots, q_n) = 0$, then it can be reduced to $F(\Pi_1, \Pi_2, \dots, \Pi_{n-k}) = 0$, where the Π_i are $n - k$ independent dimensionless groups.

D - Drag

D - Drag

μ - Dynamic Viscosity

D - Drag

μ - Dynamic Viscosity

V - Velocity of bed

D - Drag

μ - Dynamic Viscosity

V - Velocity of bed

d - Screw Diameter

D - Drag

μ - Dynamic Viscosity

V - Velocity of bed

d - Screw Diameter

ρ - Density

$$\Pi_1 = F(\Pi_2)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F\left(\frac{V d\rho}{\mu}\right)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F(Re)$$

$$\Pi_1 = F(\Pi_2)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F \left(\frac{V d\rho}{\mu} \right)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F (Re)$$

$$\Pi_1 = F(\Pi_2)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F \left(\frac{V d\rho}{\mu} \right)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F (Re)$$

$$\Pi_1 = F(\Pi_2)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F \left(\frac{V d \rho}{\mu} \right)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F(Re)$$

$$\Pi_1 = F(\Pi_2)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F\left(\frac{V d\rho}{\mu}\right)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F(Re)$$

$$\Pi_1 = F(\Pi_2)$$

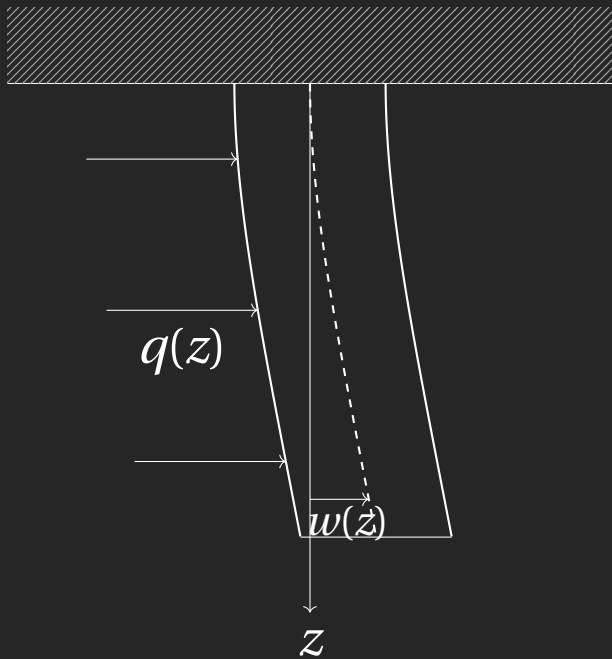
$$D = V^2 \mu F \left(\frac{V d\rho}{\mu} \right)$$

$$D = V^2 \mu F(Re)$$

$$\mu \nabla^2 \underline{u} - \underline{\nabla} p + \underline{f} = \underline{0},$$

$$\underline{\nabla} \cdot \underline{u} = 0,$$

Stokes Paradox



$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{\mathrm{d}z^2} \left(EI \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 w}{\mathrm{d}z^2} \right) = q(z).$$

$$S(z) = -\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}z} \left(EI \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 w}{\mathrm{d}z^2} \right),$$

$$M(z) = -EI \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 w}{\mathrm{d}z^2}.$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{\mathrm{d}z^2} \left(EI \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 w}{\mathrm{d}z^2} \right) = q(z).$$

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$$S(z) = -\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}z} \left(EI \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 w}{\mathrm{d}z^2} \right),$$

$$M(z) = -EI \frac{\mathrm{d}^2 w}{\mathrm{d}z^2}.$$

$$z \sim L, \quad q \sim F, \quad w \sim \frac{FL^4}{EI},$$

$$z = L\bar{z}, \quad q = F\bar{q}, \quad w = \frac{FL^4}{EI}\bar{w}.$$

$$\frac{d^4 w}{dz^4} = q(z),$$

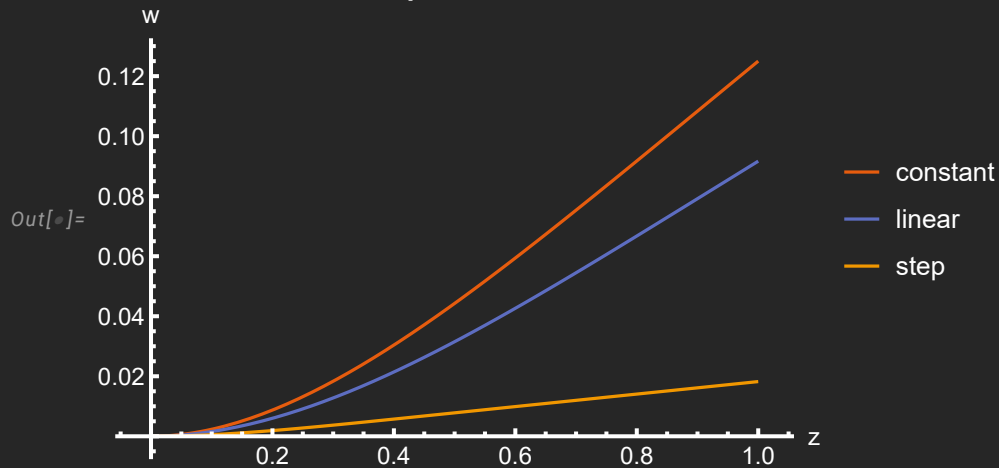
$$w(0) = w'(0) = 0,$$

$$w''(1) = w'''(1) = 0.$$

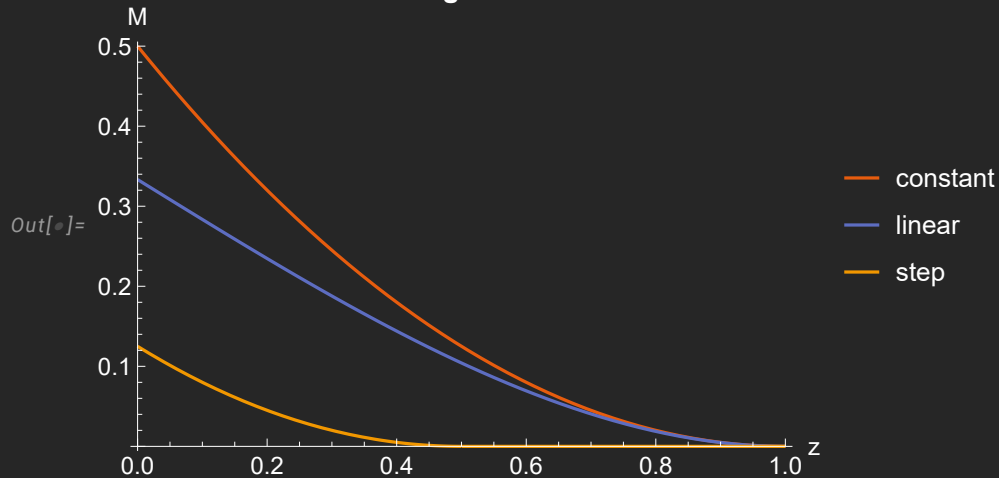
$$w(z) = \int_0^1 G(z; \xi) q(\xi) d\xi,$$

$$G(z; \xi) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}z^2(3\xi - z) & z < \xi, \\ \frac{1}{6}\xi^2(3z - \xi) & z > \xi. \end{cases}$$

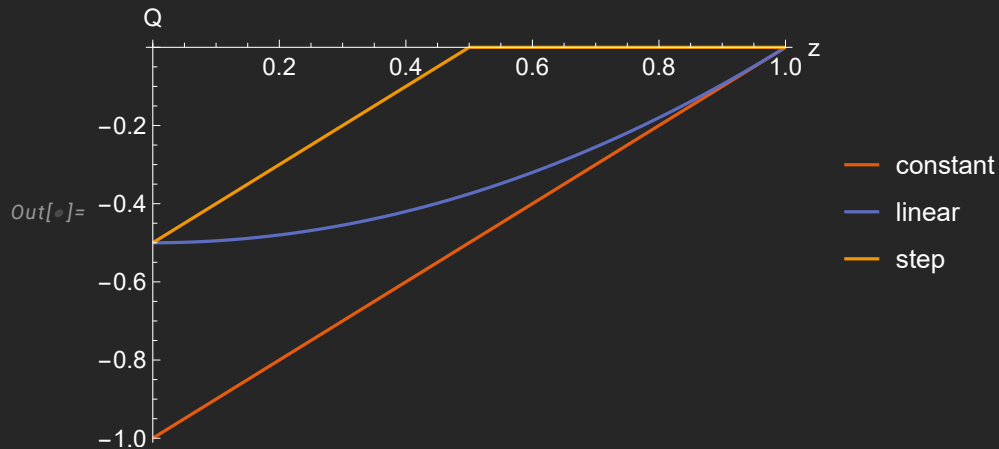
Displacement



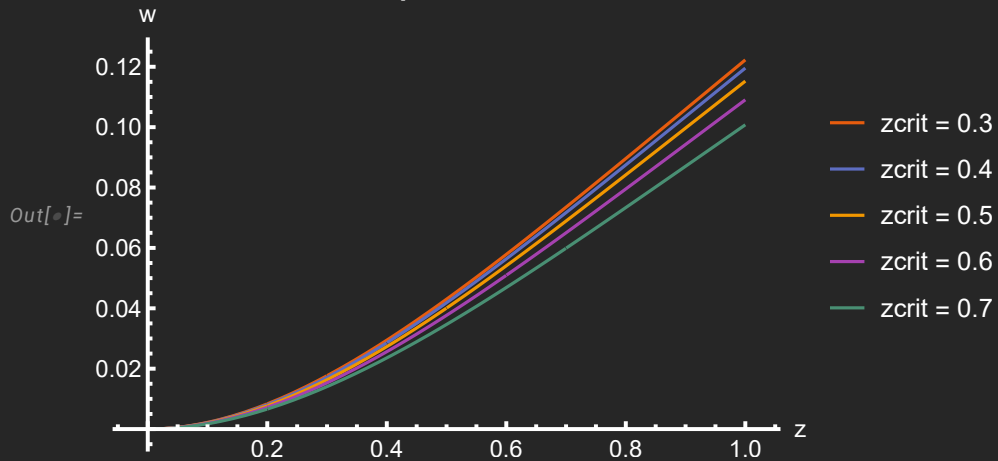
Bending Moment



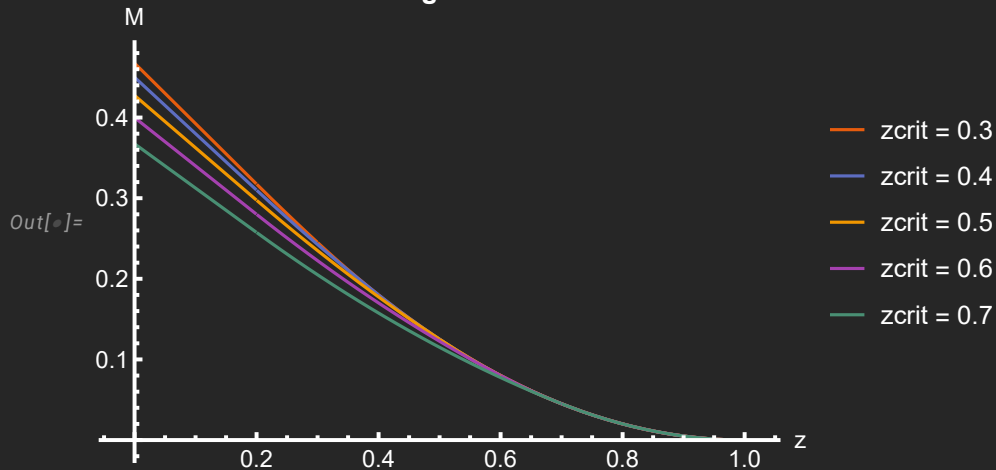
Shear Force



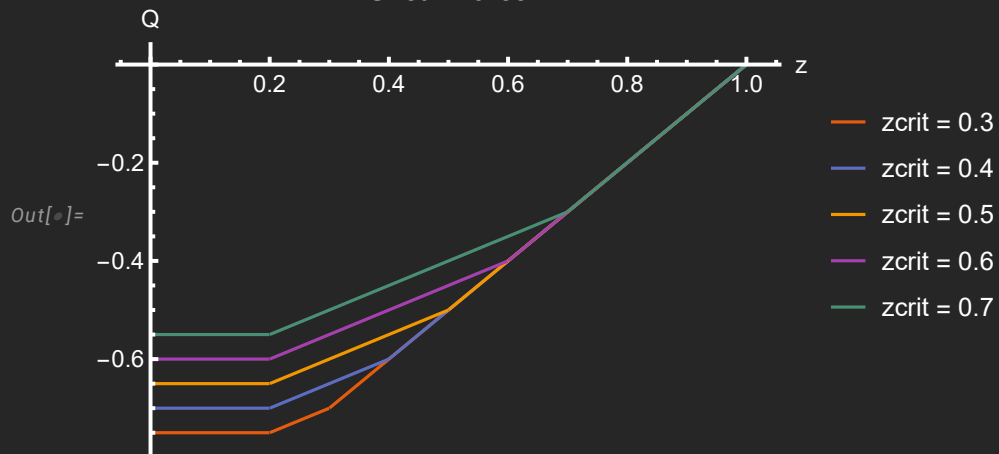
Displacement

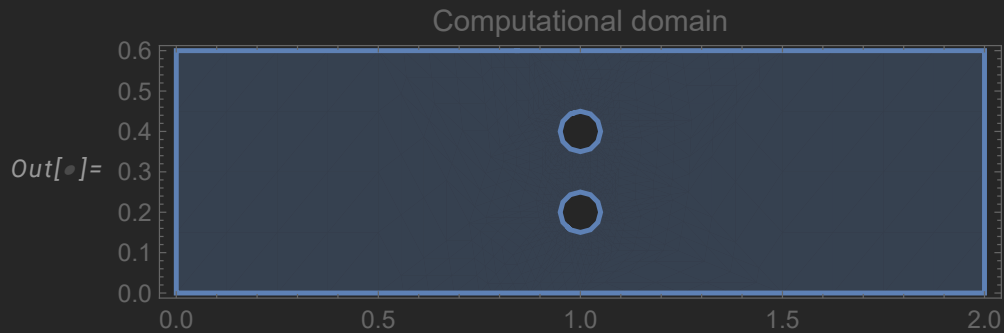


Bending Moment



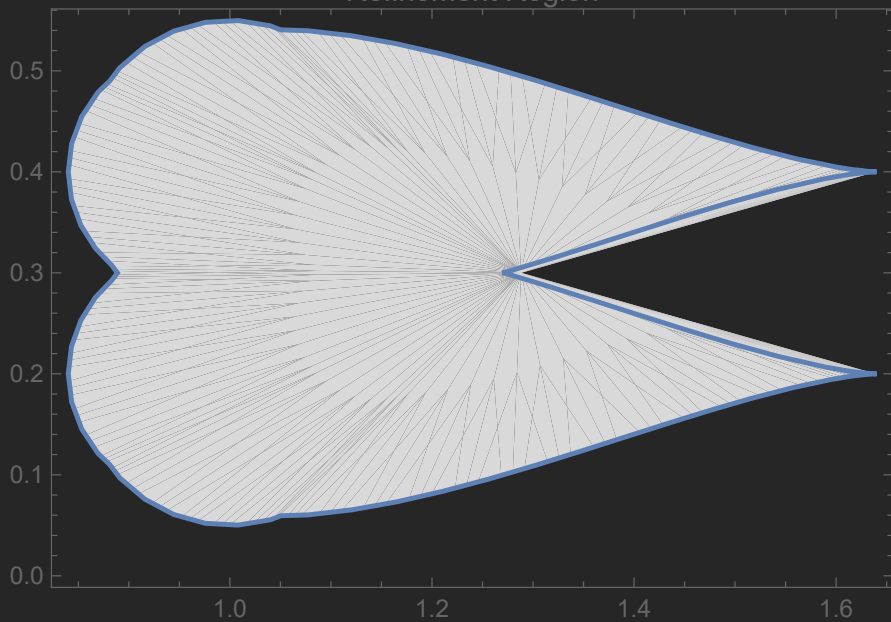
Shear Force





Refinement Region

Out[•]=



Out[•]=

